Part B: Review of the previous academic year

Outcomes for disadvantaged pupils

This lists our six challenges for improving outcomes for students over our three-year strategy plan. The impact that our pupil premium activity had on students for the academic year 2024-2025 is detailed below.

1. <u>Literacy: reading (comprehension, vocabulary, fluency)</u>

Objective:

To improve reading comprehension and literacy skills among disadvantaged students across KS3 and KS4, addressing knowledge and skills gaps and promoting progress to close the attainment gap.

Success Criteria:

- Reading interventions are implemented for students reading significantly below agerelated expectations.
- Measurable improvements in reading comprehension are evidenced through Switch on Reading, Hackney interventions, targeted teacher-led strategies, and increased engagement in lessons.
- KS3 disadvantaged reading groups are established in the library to enhance access to reading materials and foster a love of reading.
- Quality Assurance (QA) processes demonstrate that subjects have embedded literacy strategies in response to Professional Learning, supporting disadvantaged students effectively.

Impact:

Reading interventions -

Yr 7 Hackney – 3 improved – 2 static (5 pupils total)
Improved pupils up to age related levels –71% increase RA and 2 at 11% increase in RA

Yr 8 Hackney - 2 improved (2 pupils total) - both exceeding or at age related expectations – 88% increase in RA and 11% increase in RA

Yr 9 Hackney - 4 improved (4 pupils total) One below age-related expectation 3 exceeding age-related expectations – 1 increase RA by 7%, 2 increased RA by 31% 1 increased by 2%

Switch On -4 improved (11% increase in RA) -2 stayed the same - still under age-related expected level .

Teacher intervention – 2 improved (2 pupils total) 1 increased RA by 7% 1 by 13%.

Reading intervention has been highly successful – RA have improved in 13 out of 15 students 87%

All yr 8 and 9 PP students who were on the RI program are now reading at age-appropriate level

• Library lessons -

Targeted groups of PP students not engaging with reading passports in sessions run by HLTA – all students took a book out and completed a reading survey Run over 3 sessions

• Carnegie -

All PP students invited to participate in Carnegie Club and email sent to parents 2 students joined as a result

2. Attendance and engagement in lessons

Objective:

To improve attendance and engagement among disadvantaged (Pupil Premium) students, reduce persistent absence, and enhance behaviour and attitudes to learning, ensuring parity with non-disadvantaged peers.

Success Criteria:

- Disadvantaged students achieve attendance rates comparable to or exceeding those of peers.
- Reduction in persistent absence among disadvantaged students to match nondisadvantaged students.
- Evidenced improvements in behaviour and engagement, leading to fewer suspensions or behavioural interventions.

Attendance:

Pupil Premium (PP) attendance has shown sustained improvement over time.
 Between 2023/24 and 2024/25, PP attendance increased by 0.3%, and the current

- 2025/26 year-to-date figure stands at **86.5**%, reducing the gap with the national average from **-3.7**% to **-1.9**%.
- Strategies contributing to this improvement include: prioritised data reviews, targeted support for vulnerable students, clear FPN protocols, strengthened home–school communication, and positive reinforcement initiatives such as weekly attendance awards.
- **Impact:** Earlier interventions and personalised support have increased engagement and reduced persistent absence, bringing PP attendance closer to parity with peers.

Suspensions:

- Number of PP pupils suspended significantly decreased from 63 in 2023/24 to 38 in 2024/25.
- **Impact:** This reduction of **25 suspensions** demonstrates the effectiveness of behaviour-focused interventions and indicates a clear positive trajectory in reducing behaviour-related exclusions among disadvantaged students.

Behaviour Points:

 Across C3, C4, and in-lesson incidents, the proportion of points attributed to PP students has declined in all three categories.

C3, C4 and In Lesson Incident points are our key indicators of student behaviour within lessons. The tables below compare trends for disadvantaged pupils (DP) and non-disadvantaged pupils (non DP).

2024-2025	Total	Non DP	DP	DP Percentage:
C3	2056	1398	658	32%
C4	729	412	317	43%
In Lesson	1127	657	470	42%
Incidents				

2023-2024	Total	Non DP	DP	DP Percentage
C3	1275	835	440	35%
C4	517	248	259	50%
In Lesson	1313	583	730	56%
Incidents				

Impact: Although PP pupils still receive a disproportionate number of behaviour
points, the proportion has decreased across all indicators, reflecting progress
towards parity with non-PP peers. This improvement is supported by the significant
reduction in suspensions, demonstrating that behaviour interventions are having a
measurable positive effect.

Overall Impact:

- A coordinated approach of early identification, personalised support, and consistent reinforcement has resulted in measurable improvements in attendance, behaviour, and engagement for PP students.
- Moving forward, the focus will remain on sustaining these gains and further reducing behaviour points and suspensions to ensure continued progress towards parity with non-disadvantaged peers.

3. Metacognition: resilience in learning

Objective:

To enhance metacognitive and self-regulatory skills among disadvantaged pupils across all subjects, enabling them to take ownership of their learning and succeed in the classroom.

Success Criteria:

- Teacher reports and classroom observations indicate that disadvantaged pupils are increasingly able to plan, monitor, and evaluate their own learning.
- Homework completion rates and independent study habits show measurable improvement.
- Disadvantaged students actively participate in lessons, building confidence and promoting self-directed learning.

Actions and Impact

- Adaptive Teaching: Lessons are tailored to the individual needs, prior knowledge, and learning profiles of disadvantaged pupils, enabling them to engage effectively and take ownership of their learning.
- **Differentiated Scaffolding:** Teachers provide step-by-step guidance, targeted questioning, and appropriately challenging tasks, helping pupils reflect on their thinking and develop effective learning strategies.

- Explicit Metacognitive Instruction: Pupils are guided in planning, monitoring, and evaluating their learning using goal-setting, self-assessment checklists, and structured reflection activities.
- Prioritised Classroom Engagement: Disadvantaged pupils are actively involved in questioning, discussion, and collaborative learning opportunities, fostering confidence and independent study habits.
- Formative Assessment: Continuous assessment allows teachers to address
 misconceptions promptly and support pupils in regulating their own learning
 effectively.
- Homework and Independent Study Support: Monitoring completion and providing feedback encourages responsibility, discipline, and self-directed learning.

Impact Achieved:

- Observations from the Quality Assurance programme show disadvantaged pupils demonstrating greater metacognitive awareness and self-regulation.
- Improved engagement and confidence in lessons across all subjects.
- Higher homework completion rates and more consistent independent study habits.
- Overall, targeted strategies have strengthened resilience, self-regulation, and ownership of learning, enabling disadvantaged pupils to make measurable progress and actively monitor their own achievement.

4. Attainment: particularly in English at KS4

Objective:

To accelerate the progress of disadvantaged students—particularly boys—in English, ensuring they meet or exceed South Wolds School Targets, narrow the attainment gap with peers, and achieve strong outcomes at KS4.

Success Criteria:

- Progress 8 scores and key attainment gaps between disadvantaged and nondisadvantaged pupils are reduced compared with 2024 outcomes.
- Knowledge and skills gaps from lost learning are identified through subject improvement plans, enabling targeted adjustments to teaching.
- Disadvantaged students are systematically monitored through progress reviews to ensure timely intervention.
- Improvement in attainment is evidenced through feedback from English catch-up tutors and teacher assessments.

Headline Measure	18/19 Exams	21/22 Exams	22/23 Exams	23/24 Exams	24/25 Exams	25/26 IA
Non PP - Average Total Attainment 8	54.01	56.08	54.72	55.61	56.42	52.8
PP - Average Total Attainment 8	43.4	40.2	37.25	34.57	34.04	36.96
Gap	-10.61	-15.88	-17.47	-21.04	-22.38	-15.84

Disadvantaged						
Headline Measure	23/24 Exam	Gap	24/25 Exam	Gap	25/26 IA	Gap
Students Achieving 9-7 in English and Maths	7.1	-15.6	0	-23.9	0	-11.8
Students Achieving 9-7 in English	7.1	-24.9	8.7	-27.5	4.2	-18
Students Achieving 9-7 in Maths	14.3	-23.2	4.3	-31.2	4.2	-20.8
Students NOT Achieving 9-7 in English or Maths	85.7	32.6	87	34.8	91.7	27.1
Students Achieving 9-7 in English but NOT						
Maths	0	-9.4	8.7	-3.6	4.2	-6.2
Students Achieving 9-7 in Maths but NOT						
English	7.1	-7.7	4.3	-7.3	4.2	-9

Success Criteria:

- Progress 8 and attainment gaps are significant and the gap widened in 24/25.
- **Focused interventions** and monitoring systems ensure that disadvantaged students are identified early and support is put into place.
- Internal assessments for 25/26 show the gap narrowing across key measures, indicating the plan's interventions are having a measurable, positive effect on pupil outcomes.

5. Parental Engagement

Objective:

To increase engagement of parents and carers from disadvantaged families with school events and communications, ensuring they are fully involved in their child's education.

Success Criteria:

- Parents and carers from disadvantaged families attend all scheduled parents' evening appointments.
- Evidence of improved two-way communication between school staff and parents/carers.

Actions and Impact:

- Priority Access to Parents' Evenings: Pupil Premium families are offered priority booking for parents' evenings, enabling them to discuss progress, interventions, and support strategies with teachers.
- Class Charts App: The academy has implemented the Class Charts app, providing real-time updates on attendance, behaviour, and learning. Uptake among parents of disadvantaged pupils is currently 78%, compared with 83% for non-disadvantaged families.
- Targeted Follow-Up: To close the remaining engagement gap, regular reminder letters
 are issued, and the pastoral team actively promotes the app during communications
 with families.

Impact Achieved:

- Disadvantaged parents now have enhanced opportunities to engage with teachers and school staff, improving home–school collaboration.
- Uptake of Class Charts demonstrates **high engagement levels**, ensuring parents are informed about their child's progress and can respond proactively to any concerns.
- These initiatives have **strengthened communication**, increased parental involvement in educational planning, and supported student progress.
- 6. Lack of aspiration: opportunities for personal growth

Objective:

To support all students in becoming well-rounded, successful individuals by ensuring **equal access to opportunities** and encouraging **high aspirations**, with a particular focus on disadvantaged students.

Success Criteria:

- 100% of KS4 disadvantaged students attend a careers meeting with a Level 6 careers advisor.
- All Year 9 disadvantaged students receive tailored careers guidance prior to making options choices.
- Gap between NEET (Not in Education, Employment, or Training) figures for disadvantaged students and their peers is reduced.
- Increased applications to sixth form from disadvantaged students.
- Increased participation of disadvantaged students in extra-curricular activities.

• Targeted promotion of cultural experiences to encourage attendance by disadvantaged students.

Externally provided programmes

Please include the names of any non-DfE programmes that you used your pupil premium to fund in the previous academic year.

Programme	Provider
N/A	